TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

21.—Number of Persons Killed and Injured on Steam Railways, 1912-1914. —concluded.

(B) In Accidents other than those resulting from Movement of Trains, Locomotives or Cars.

Description of Persons.	1912.		1913.		1914.	
	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured
Stationmen. Shopmen. Trainmen and Trackmen. Other employees. Passengers. Others.	2 3 3 11 1 3	163 405 334 416 8 17	5 6 15 3	147 472 488 466 17 16	1 2 6 15 2 9	143 574 492 477 13 53
Total	23	1,343	32	1,606	35	1,752
Description of Accident— Handling traffic	2 5 3	181 283 226	2 6 2	114 466 271	3 2	233 583 257
Getting on or off engines or carsOther causes	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 12 \end{array}$	38 615	22	45 710	- 26	68 611
Total	23	1,343	32	1,606	35	1,752

Electric Railways.—During 1914 the total capital liability of electric railways, which for the most part consist of urban street tramways, was increased from \$141,235,631 to \$147,595,342. amount \$66,311,098 are in stocks, and \$81,284,244 are in funded debt. The number of passengers carried was 614,709,819, as compared with 597,863,801 in 1913. This is exclusive of 179,349,774 transfers. The freight hauled in 1914 was 1,845,923 tons, as compared with 1,957,930 tons in 1913. Gross earnings were \$29,691,007, as against \$28,216,111 in 1913, and operating expenses were \$19,107,818, as against \$17,765,372 These and other particulars, with comparative figures, are set out in Tables 22-26. The number of employees in the service of electric railways on June 30, 1914, was 16,195, as compared with 16,351 in 1913. The total salaries and wages for the year 1914 were \$11,845,464, as against \$11,047,613 in 1913. The total mileage of electric railways computed as single track in 1914 was 2,052, as compared with 1,870 in 1913.